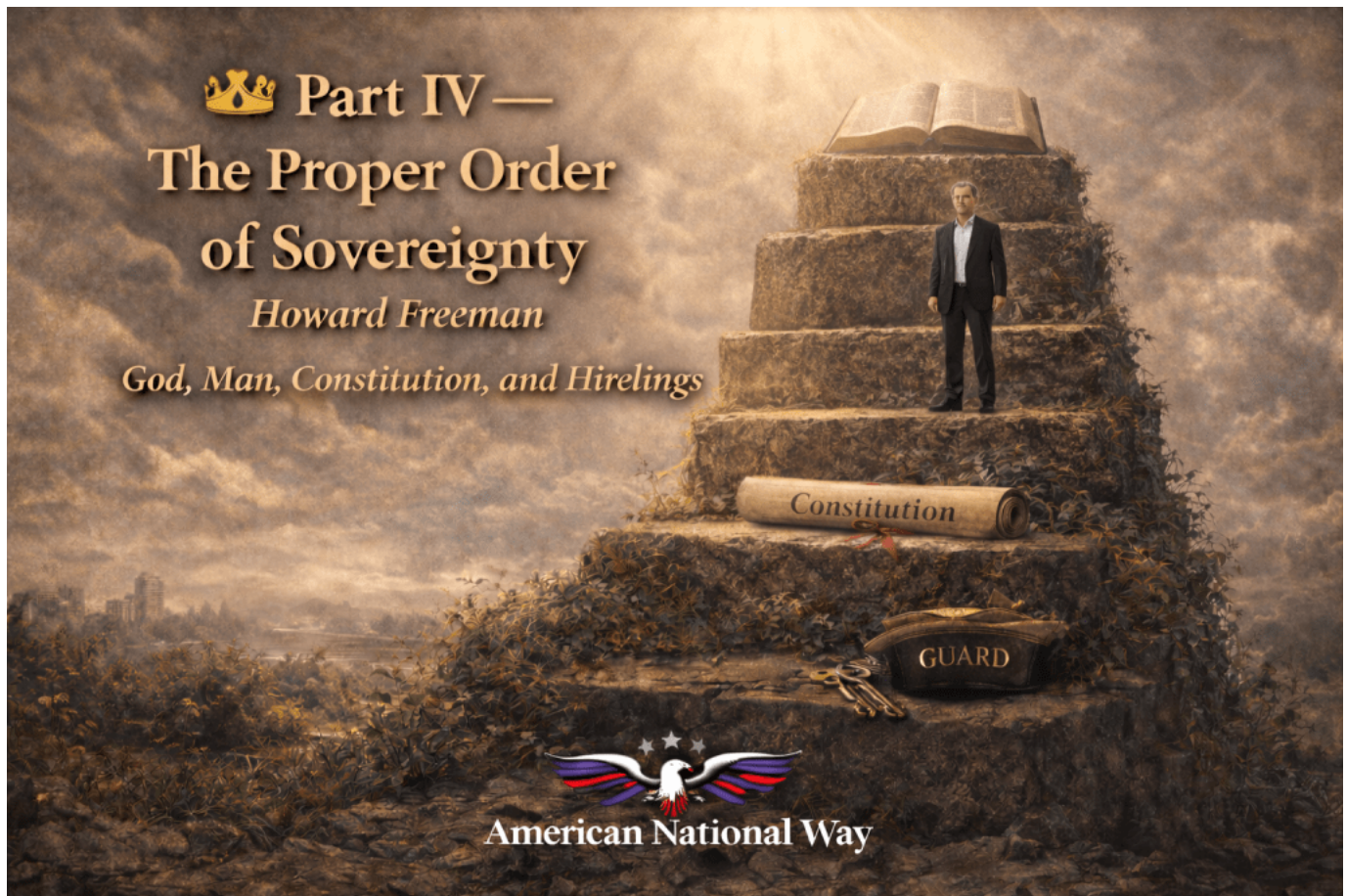


□ Common-Law – Part IV: The Proper Order of Sovereignty – Howard Freeman

March 9, 2026



□ Sovereignty Is a Matter of Order, Not Assertion

Howard Freeman was careful when speaking about **sovereignty**. He did not treat it as a slogan, a claim, or a declaration shouted at systems.

Sovereignty, as Freeman explained, is a **condition of proper**

order – not something created by words, paperwork, or resistance.

When order is disturbed, sovereignty is obscured. When order is restored, sovereignty becomes self-evident.

⚖️ Authority Flows Downward, Responsibility Flows Upward

One of Freeman's central teachings was that lawful systems follow a **natural hierarchy**.

In proper order:

- Responsibility begins with the individual
- Authority exists to serve responsibility
- Power without responsibility is disorder

Freeman emphasized that sovereignty does not mean exemption from duty. It means **self-governance first**.

A man or woman who cannot govern themselves invites governance from outside.

❌ Confusing Power With Sovereignty

Freeman warned against mistaking power for sovereignty.

Power can be:

- Enforced
- Delegated
- Assumed
- Temporarily imposed

Sovereignty cannot.

When sheep forget the proper order, they begin to seek sovereignty by confronting power – which only strengthens de facto control.

True sovereignty is quiet. It is demonstrated through conduct, not challenged through argument.

□ Lawful Order Begins With the Individual

Freeman taught that sovereignty begins **within**, not in institutions.

Before law can operate outwardly, order must exist inwardly:

- Clear intent
- Honest conduct
- Respect for boundaries
- Fulfillment of obligations

Without these, no declaration carries weight.

A man or woman who lives in order naturally occupies a lawful position.

□ Delegation Does Not Mean Abdication

Freeman distinguished between **delegating authority** and **abandoning responsibility**.

Systems exist to serve, record, and administer – not to replace self-governance.

Problems arise when individuals:

- Hand over responsibility for convenience
- Confuse services with control
- Assume delegation is permanent or absolute

Delegation must always retain the possibility of recall.

□□ Sovereignty Expressed as Peaceful Conduct

Freeman rejected the idea that sovereignty requires confrontation.

In proper order, sovereignty appears as:

- Calm speech
- Limited engagement
- Clean records
- Respectful refusal

Peace is not submission. It is **lawful strength** exercised with restraint.

□ **Why Order Matters More Than Claims**

Many fail not because sovereignty is absent, but because order is inverted.

They attempt to assert rights before assuming responsibility.

They demand authority before establishing standing.

They seek exemption before demonstrating discipline.

Freeman taught that restoring order resolves these contradictions.

□ **Preparing for Lawful Standing**

This part restores sovereignty to its proper place – as a foundation, not a tactic.

With order clarified, the next steps become possible:

- Lawful standing
- Capacity
- Jurisdictional clarity
- Conscious consent

Sovereignty, properly understood, does not need to be declared.

Order makes authority unnecessary.

□□ What This Understanding Reveals

Once sovereignty is restored to responsibility rather than control, another issue becomes visible. Modern systems often operate not on law at all, but on agreements, assumptions, and transactions.

Part V – *The Law Merchant* examines how commerce quietly replaces conduct, and why understanding that shift is essential for lawful posture.